

SAM – TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS (FEDERAL)

CHAPTER 17000 INDEX

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FEDERAL TRUST FUND

17101

(From MM 80-18; New to SAM 3/1982)

Chapter 1284, Statutes of 1978 (AB 3322), created the Federal Trust Fund effective July 1, 1979. The purpose of this fund is to provide a single depository for all Federal funds deposited in the [State Treasury](#). Information such as sources of funds from individual Federal agencies and programs is available on a statewide basis. This fund also has the capability to track Federal funds from the authorization process to the receipt and disbursement process.

All State agencies receiving monies directly from the United States Government are required to deposit these monies in the Federal Trust Fund with the exception of those State agencies which have specific statutory authority to maintain Federal funds outside the State Treasury. Whenever any law provides that specific Federal funds be deposited in a specific State Treasury fund, the Federal funds shall first be deposited in the Federal Trust Fund and then transferred to the specific State Treasury fund designated by the statute.

SAM – TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS (FEDERAL)

DEFINITION OF FEDERAL FUNDS

17105

(From MM 80-18; New to SAM 3/1982)

The following definition of Federal funds is to be used for the purpose of identifying those monies remitted to the [State Treasury](#) which must be deposited in the Federal Trust Fund:

Federal funds are all monies received directly from the United States Government, the expenditure of which is administered through or under the direction of any State agency and reported as Federal Trust Fund monies in the "Reconciliation with Appropriations" in the Governor's Budget. As discussed in SAM Chapter [6000](#), no distinction is made between Federal reimbursements and Federal grants; and, therefore, all money received directly from the United States Government, with the exception of revenues as defined below, is to be treated as a source of funds and reported as Federal Trust Fund monies in each department's budget. Revenue, as defined by SAM Chapter 6000, is an addition to cash or other current assets which does not increase any liability or reserve, nor represent the recovery of an expenditure, e.g., reimbursements and abatements, and should be accounted according to procedures contained in SAM Chapter [8200](#). Some examples of revenue are: sale of documents, sale of water, rentals of State property, sale of forest products, and sale of State public lands.

If for any reason a department has budget money received directly from the United States Government as a reimbursement, this money is also required to be deposited in the Federal Trust Fund. In these instances, the department should contact its [Department of Finance](#) budget analyst for possible reclassification of these monies from reimbursed expenditures to Federal Trust Fund source of funding. Only monies received directly from the Federal Government will be classified as Federal funds. Federal monies passed from one State agency to another will be classified by the second agency as reimbursements.

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APPROPRIATION OF FEDERAL FUNDS

17110

(New 3/1982)

Government Code [13338](#) provides for the Budget Act appropriation of Federal funds received by the State and deposited in the State Treasury. The Budget Act must provide the authority for both direct expenditures from the Federal Trust Fund and transfers to other funds.

Departments will account for these funds at the grant and appropriation schedule level. Any amount received from the Federal Government exceeding the amount appropriated is subject to the provisions in Section 28 of the Budget Act.

SAM – TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS (FEDERAL)

TO ESTABLISH OR AMEND A FEDERAL TRUST FUND ACCOUNT

17115

(Revised 12/2004)

To establish a new Federal Trust Fund account, or to amend an existing account, departments will complete a Request to Establish or Amend Federal Trust Fund Account form, AUD 10A. The AUD 10A form is available on the SCO website: http://www.sco.ca.gov/Files-ARD/state_aud10a.pdf. Completed forms will be sent to the SCO, Division of Accounting and Reporting for approval.

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FEDERAL TRUST FUND DEPOSITS

17125

(New 3/1982)

Federal Trust Fund deposits are to be processed on Controller's Remittance Advices, CA21, separate from other deposits. Such remittance advices will include appropriate account title and codes.

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YEAR-END REPORTING

17130

(Revised 06/2010)

All departmental Federal Trust Fund accounts are maintained on a modified accrual basis throughout the year. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are accounted for in the period in which goods and services are received and a liability is incurred. Expenditures are accrued at June 30 for all valid obligations incurred as of June 30 but not yet paid. Liabilities may be incurred at any time throughout the year; however, accruals are posted only at year-end. Accounts receivable are accrued at June 30 if they have been earned and are expected to be collected within one year after the end of the current fiscal year. The accrual process brings the [State Controller's Office](#) accounts, which are maintained on a cash basis, in line with departmental accounts.

General instructions in SAM covering the State's fiscal procedures are applicable to the Federal Trust Fund.

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FEDERAL TRUST FUND GENERAL LEDGER ENTRIES

17135

(Revised 9/1982)

To record a receivable for Federal funds:

Debit	Credit	
1510		Due from Federal Government
	8020	Federal Grants and Contracts

To record a receivable for Federal funds:

Debit	Credit	
1110		General Cash
	1510	Due from Federal Government

(If no receivable had been established, the receipt would be recorded as a debit to Account 1110 and a credit to Account 8020.)

To record remittance of Federal funds to the State Treasury:

Debit	Credit	
1150		Cash in Transit to State Treasury
	1110	General Cash

To record remittance of Federal funds to the State Treasury:

Debit	Credit	
1140		Cash in State Treasury
	1150	Cash in Transit to State Treasury

To record appropriated expenditures from the Federal Trust Fund. This will occur when: (1) expenditures of Federal funds are made directly from the Federal Trust Fund or (2) the disbursement is accounted as expenditure in the Federal Trust Fund and cash is transferred to another fund to be accounted as a reimbursement.

(Continued)

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(Continued)

FEDERAL TRUST FUND GENERAL LEDGER ENTRIES

17135 (Cont. 1)

(Revised 9/1982)

Debit	Credit	
9000		Appropriation Expenditures
	1140	Cash in State Treasury

To record disbursement of money from the Federal Trust Fund when the appropriation is for transfer to another fund:

Debit	Credit	
9812		Operating Transfers Out
	1140	Cash in State Treasury

To record a payable when Federal funds are appropriated and expended from the Federal Trust Fund:

Debit	Credit	
9000		Appropriation Expenditures
	3010	Accounts Payable, or
	3110	Due to Other Funds or Appropriations, or
	3210	Due to Federal Government, or
	3220	Due to Local Government

To record a payable when the authorized or appropriated expenditure of Federal funds occurs in another fund:

Debit	Credit	
9812		Operating Transfers Out
	3110	Due to Other Funds or Appropriations

SAM – TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS (FEDERAL)

TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS—FEDERAL AND OTHER SPECIAL ACCOUNTING PROCEDURES

17400

(Revised 5/1987)

Each Trust and Agency Fund—Federal and Other (with the exception of the Special Deposit Fund) was established for a special purpose and is accounted by only one agency. Therefore, no special accounting procedures relating to these funds are prescribed in this Manual.

Where special instructions memoranda have been issued by the Fiscal Systems and Consulting Unit, Department of Finance, or its predecessor in the Department of General Services, these instructions are still applicable except that (1) accounts prescribed in SAM [7600](#) will supersede those shown in such memoranda and (2) procedures regarding income accounting prescribed in SAM [8200](#) will supersede those shown in such memoranda unless the fund is of a type requiring accrual of collectible operating income earned regardless of when collectible. Funds requiring accrual of collectible operating income earned regardless of when collectible normally account for operating income as it is billed throughout the year and will continue to accrue income at the time and to the extent they now do.

Where such memoranda have not been issued, general procedures described in SAM Sections [7000 to 8900](#) will be followed, as well as Journal Entries described in SAM [10500](#) to the extent that they are applicable, modified for the use of some different General Ledger accounts as prescribed in SAM [7600](#)—except that procedures regarding income accounting prescribed in SAM [8200](#) will not be used if the fund is of a type requiring accrual of collectible operating income earned regardless of when collectible.