

BUILDING STANDARDS COMMISSION

2525 Natomas Park Drive, Suite 130
Sacramento, California 95833-2936
(916) 263-0916 FAX (916) 263-0959



January 28, 2014

Jackie Williams
Fire Chief
City of Eastvale
12363 Limonite Avenue, Suite 910
Eastvale, CA 91752

RE: Ordinance #2013-16

Dear Ms. Williams:

This letter is to advise you of our determination regarding the referenced ordinance with express findings received from your agency on January 6, 2013.

Our review finds the submittal to contain one ordinance modifying provisions of the 2013 California Building Standards Code in Title 24, California Code of Regulations (code), and express findings complying with Health and Safety Code §§17958.7 and 18941.5. The code modification is accepted for filing and is enforceable. This letter attests only to the satisfaction of the cited law for filing of local code amendment supported by an express finding with the Commission. The Commission is not authorized by law to evaluate the merit of the code modification or the express finding.

Local modifications to the code are specific to a particular edition of the code. They must be readopted and filed with the Commission in order to remain in effect when the next triennial edition of the code is published.

On a related matter, should your city receive and ratify Fire Protection District ordinances making modifications to the code, be advised that Health and Safety Code §13869.7(c) requires such ratified ordinances and express findings to be filed with the Department of Housing and Community Development, Division of Codes and Standards, State Housing Law Program, rather than this Commission. Also, ordinances making modifications to the energy efficiency standards of the code may require approval from the California Energy Commission pursuant to Public Resources Code §25402.1(h)(2).

If you have any questions or need any further information, you may contact me at (916) 263-0916.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Enrique M. Rodriguez".

Enrique M. Rodriguez
Associate Construction Analyst

cc: Chron
Local Filings

O'Brien, Laurie@DGS

From: Walsh, Jason@CALFIRE
Sent: Monday, January 06, 2014 2:58 PM
To: OrdinanceFilings@DGS
Subject: Eastvale Ordinance 2013-16
Attachments: BSC Submittal.pdf

Sir or Madam:

Please see the attached ordinance for your records.

Thank you,

Jason Walsh
Fire Safety Specialist
Riverside County Fire Dept.
3902 Hillside Ave.
Norco, CA 92860
Bus 951.737.8097 x4707
Fax: 951.734.8531
Serving the Cities of Norco and Eastvale



City of Eastvale

12363 Limonite Avenue, Suite #910 • Eastvale, CA 91752
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December 26, 2013

California Building Standards Commission
2525 Natomas Park Drive, Suite 130
Sacramento, California 95833

On December 11, 2013, the Eastvale City Council adopted the 2013 Edition of the California Fire Code which was amended by local ordinance, which is reasonably necessary due to local conditions and includes facts and finding that support the amendments. As required by Health and Safety Code Section 17958.7(a), the City of Eastvale is submitting Eastvale Ordinance 2013-16 (attachment A).

If you have any questions regarding this ordinance, please call the number below.

Jackie Williams, Fire Chief
951.737.8097

ORDINANCE NO. 2013-16

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF EASTVALE,
CALIFORNIA, ADOPTING THE 2013 CALIFORNIA FIRE CODE WITH
APPENDICES AND AMENDMENTS THERETO AND AMENDING IN FULL TITLE
110, CHAPTER 110.20 OF THE EASTVALE MUNICIPAL CODE

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF EASTVALE DOES ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. The City Council declares as follows:

WHEREAS, at the regular meeting on October 23, 2013, the Eastvale City Council conducted a public hearing and received and considered oral and written testimony concerning the proposed code change; and

WHEREAS, the California Health and Safety Code requires cities and counties to adopt building standards that are consistent with those contained in the California Code of Regulations Title 24 ; and

WHEREAS, modifications and/or amendments to Chapter 110.20 of the Eastvale Municipal Code requires findings stating that they are found reasonably necessary because of climatic, geological or topographical conditions in the City of Eastvale; and

WHEREAS, State law allows local governments to amend California Model Codes, providing the amendments are more restrictive and are necessary in order to provide the highest level of life-safety standards and requires that local governments enforce these code editions.

Section 2. The City Council of the City of Eastvale finds as follows:

A. California Health & Safety Code, Section 17958.5 and 18941.5 authorize cities and counties to modify the California Building Standards Code by adopting more restrictive standards and modifications if such standards and modifications are accompanied by express findings that they are reasonably necessary because of local climatic, geological or topographical conditions.

B. The City Council of the City of Eastvale finds that these local climatic, geological or topographical conditions include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. The City is subject to relatively low amounts of precipitation, very low humidity levels and extremely high temperatures. These climatic conditions are conducive to the spread of drought conditions and fires. For example, during July, August and September, temperatures often exceed 100 degrees Fahrenheit. During the same months humidity is usually less than 40% and measurements of less than 10% are

not uncommon. These recordings have been documented by the Riverside County Flood Control District and the National Climatic Data Center.

2. The City is subject to extremely strong winds, commonly referred to as "Santa Ana Winds," which can reach speeds of up to 95 miles per hour. In addition, the convergence of the marine shore air flow and the desert air flow create steady winds on a daily basis.

3. The City is also subject to moderately strong shaking and surface ruptures from seismic activity in the area. The geologic and seismic setting of the City is dominated by the Chino and Elsinore earthquake faults along the southwest portion of the City and a diversity of bedrock and alluvial soils that may significantly affect the intensity of earthquake shaking. The Elsinore fault is located a short distance southwest of the City, while the Chino fault, which is sub-parallel to the Elsinore fault, is located just outside the City's southwestern boundary. Of the two faults, the Chino fault has the greater potential for surface rupture leading to structural damage of structures in the City. Moreover, the thin alluvial soils found in parts of the City contribute to a moderately high potential for liquefaction in certain areas.

C. The aforementioned geologic and climatic conditions have also contributed to the loss or damage of 450 homes in the Bel Air Fire of 1961, 187 homes in the Chatsworth Fire of 1970, 50 homes in the Mandeville Canyon Fire of 1978, 262 homes in the Anaheim Fire of 1982, 71 homes in the Baldwin Hills Fire of 1985, 33 homes in the Porter Ranch Fire of 1988, 162 homes in the Santa Barbara Fire of 1990, 3300 homes in the Oakland Fire of 1991, hundreds of acres in the nearby Chino Hills State Park Fire of 1997 and most recently, the Corona Triangle / Freeway Complex Fire November 15, 2008 burned 318 properties, burned 30,305 plus acres, destroyed 187 single/multiple family homes, damaged 127 homes, damaged or destroyed four commercial properties.

D. These fires, as well as the Whittier Earthquake of 1987 and Northridge Earthquake of 1994, have resulted in the tragic loss of lives along with enormous property losses.

E. For practicality and cost reasons, many new structures are built of wood (Type V) construction. Some existing structures also have wood shake roofs. The potential for a conflagration exists due to the design and density of current structures.

F. Electrical supply and telephone communication failures occur due to high winds as well as other reasons. Water supply pumps and early notification of a fire cannot always be counted on.

G. Based upon the recommendations of the Fire Chief, the City Council finds that the proposed amendments to the 2013 California Fire Code ("amendments") are more restrictive than the standards adopted by the California Building Standards Commission, would decrease the potential incidence of property damage, injury and death due to fires and earthquakes, and are reasonable and necessary to mitigate the aforementioned local climatic, geologic or topographical conditions.

Section 3. TITLE 110, CHAPTER 110.20 of the Eastvale Municipal Code is amended in full to read as follows:

Sections:

110.20.010 – Findings and adoption of the international and state codes.

110.20.020 – Amendments to the state fire code.

110.20.030 – Penalties.

Sec. 110.20.010. - Findings and adoption of the international and state codes.

1. Subject to the particular additions, amendments and deletions set forth in this chapter, all the rules, regulations, provisions and conditions set forth in that certain document being marked and designated as the 2013 California Fire Code, and that certain document being marked and designated as the 2012 International Fire Code, with errata, and including the following appendices, are hereby adopted as the Fire Code for the City of Eastvale:
 - a. Appendices B and C
 - b. One certified copy of each of the 2013 California Fire Code and 2012 International Fire Code are on file in the office of the City Clerk, and any and all references thereto, are adopted as the Fire Code and each and all of the regulations, provisions, penalties, conditions and terms thereof are referred to, adopted and made a part of this chapter, as though fully set forth at length.

The City Council finds that the requirements set out here are reasonable and necessary modifications because of climatic, geological and topographical conditions within the City of Eastvale. The City of Eastvale in co-operation with the Riverside County Fire Department may establish more restrictive standards reasonably necessary to provide fire protection for life and property due to these conditions.

This chapter shall be cited as the "Fire Code" of the City of Eastvale and any references to the "California Fire Code" or "Fire Code" shall be deemed to refer to and apply to this chapter.

Sec. 110.20.020. - Amendments to the state fire code.

The codes, chapters, standards and appendices are amended as specifically set forth in the following chapters:

Chapter 1. Scope and Administration

Section 103.4.2 is hereby added to the California Fire Code to read as follows:

Fire suppression, investigation, rescue or emergency medical costs are recoverable in accordance with Health and Safety Code Sections 13009 and 13009.1, as amended. Additionally, any person who negligently, intentionally or in violation of law causes an emergency response, including, but not limited to, a traffic accident, spill of toxic or flammable fluids or chemicals is liable for the costs of securing such emergency, including those costs pursuant to Government Code Section 53150, et seq, as amended. Any expense incurred by the Riverside County Fire Department for securing such emergency shall constitute a debt of such person and shall be collectable by Riverside County in the same manner as in the case of an obligation under contract, express or implied.

Section 104.3.2 and 104.6.5 are hereby added to Section 104.3 of the California Fire Code to read as follows:

1. The Fire Chief is authorized to administer, interpret and enforce this ordinance. Under the Fire Chief's direction, the Riverside County Fire Department is authorized to enforce this section of the Eastvale Municipal Code pertaining to the following:
 - a. The prevention of fires.
 - b. The extinguishment of dangerous or hazardous fires.
 - c. The storage, use and handling of hazardous materials.
 - d. The installation and maintenance of automatic, manual and other private fire alarm systems and fire extinguishing equipment
 - e. The maintenance and regulation of fire escapes.
 - f. The maintenance of fire protection and the elimination of fire hazards on land in buildings, structures and other property, including those under construction.
 - g. The maintenance of means of egress.
 - h. The investigation of the cause, origin and circumstances of fire and unauthorized releases of hazardous materials.

2. The following persons are hereby authorized to interpret and enforce the provisions of this municipal code and to make arrests and issue citations as authorized by law:
 - a. The Unit Chief, Peace Officers and Public Officers of the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection.
 - b. The Fire Chief, Peace Officers and Public Officers of the Riverside County Fire Department.
 - c. The Riverside County Sheriff and any deputy
 - d. The Police Chief and any Police Officer of any city served by the Riverside County Fire Department.
 - e. Officers of the California Highway Patrol.
 - f. Peace Officers of the California Department of Parks and Recreation.
 - g. The law enforcement officer of the Federal Bureau of Land Management.

h. City of Eastvale Code Enforcement Officers

3. Section 104.6.5 is hereby added to section 104.6 of the California Fire Code to read as follows:

Requests for copies of public and legal documents, photographs, etc., relating to department activities are available as authorized by law through the Fire Department's Custodian of Records. All document requests shall be in writing.

Section 105.6 of the California Fire Code is hereby amended by deleting subsections 105.6.15 and 105.6.35 to read as follows:

1. Subsection 105.6.15 Fire Hydrants and Valves. Delete without substitution
2. Subsection 105.6.35 Private Fire Hydrants. Delete without substitution.
3. Section 109.4 of the California Fire Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 109.4 Violation Penalties. Persons who shall violate a provision of this Code or shall fail to comply with any of the requirements thereof or who shall erect, install, alter, repair or do work in violation of the approved construction documents or directive of the Fire Code official, or of a permit or certificate used under provisions of this code, shall be guilty of either a misdemeanor, infraction or both as prescribed in Section 109.3.2 and 109.3.3. Penalties shall be as prescribed in local ordinance. Each day that a violation continues after due notice has been served shall be deemed a separate offense.

Chapter 2. Definitions.

Section 202 of the California Fire Code is hereby amended to add the following to the list of definitions:

1. Dry / Fire Season: Time of the year during which, based on seasonal weather pattern and precipitation averages, the typical rainfall is expected to be minimal. For the purpose of weed and rubbish abatement, the "dry / fire season" is typically May 15th to November 15th, and is also characterized by lower humidity, lower fuel moisture, and higher daily temperatures, resulting in increase of fire danger.
2. Firebreak: An area / section of property / lot that is cleared of all combustible material creating a safety buffer to decrease the progression of fire.
3. Fire Chief: The Fire Chief of the City of Eastvale or his/her authorized Representative.

4. **Fire Nuisance:** Is anything or act which is annoying, unpleasant, offensive or obnoxious because of fire.
5. **Fire and Life Hazard:** Means any condition, arrangement, or act which will increase, or may cause an increase of, the hazard or menace of fire or a hazardous materials release (spill, leak, etc.) to a greater degree than customarily recognized as normal by persons in the public service of preventing, suppressing or extinguishing fire and responding to hazardous materials release; or which may obstruct, delay or hinder egress from a facility or building, or may become the cause of obstruction, delay or hindrance to the prevention, suppression, or extinguishment of fire or hazardous material release.
6. **Hazardous Vegetation:** Are defined as grass, weeds, shrubs, trees, tumbleweeds or other vegetation which are in such condition and location, or by the unique characteristics of a species, as to provide a ready fuel supply to augment the spread or intensity of a fire.
7. **Rubbish:** Combustible waste or refuse, debris, dirt and worthless or useless articles of property.
8. **Sky Lantern:** An airborne lantern typically made of paper, Mylar, or other lightweight material with a wood, plastic, or metal frame containing a candle, fuel cell, or other heat source that provides buoyancy.

Chapter 3. General Requirements.

Section 308.1.6.3 is hereby added to the California Fire Code to read as follows:

Section 308.1.6.3 Sky Lanterns. or similar devices. The ignition and/or launching of a Sky Lantern or similar device is prohibited.

1. **Exception:** Upon approval of the fire code official, sky lanterns may be used as necessary for religious or cultural ceremonies providing that adequate safeguards have been taken as approved by the fire code official. Sky Lanterns must be tethered in a safe manner to prevent them from leaving the area and must be constantly attended until extinguished.

Section 319 is hereby added to the California Fire Code to read as follows:

Section 319 Fuel Modification Requirements for New Construction: All new buildings to be built or installed in areas containing combustible vegetation shall comply with the following:

1. Preliminary fuel modification plans shall be submitted to and approved by the Fire Code official concurrent with the submittal for approval of any tentative map.

2. Final fuel modification plans shall be submitted to and approved by the Fire Code official prior to the issuance of a grading permit.
3. The fuel modification plan may be altered if conditions change. Any alterations to the fuel modification shall be approved by the Fire Code official.
4. All elements of the fuel modification plan shall be maintained in accordance with the approved plan and are subject to the enforcement process outlined in the Fire Code.

Chapter 4. Emergency Planning and Preparedness.

Chapter 4 of the California Fire Code is hereby deleted in its entirety with the exception of Section 404.2 Fire Safety and Evacuation Plans which is hereby amended to read as follows:

16. Windowless buildings having an occupant load of fifty (50) or more.

Chapter 5. Fire Service Features.

Section 503 of the California Fire Code is adopted in its entirety with the following amendments:

1. Section 503.1.1 of the California Fire Code is amended to add the following exception:

Exception 4. Where approved by the fire code official, fire apparatus access roads shall be permitted to be exempted or modified for solar photovoltaic power generation facilities.

2. Section 503.2.2 of the California Fire Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

503.2.2 Authority. The fire code official shall be the only authority authorized to designate fire apparatus access roads, fire lanes and modify the minimum widths where they are inadequate for fire or rescue operations.

3. Section 503.3 of the California Fire Code is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

503.3 Marking. Fire apparatus access roads, where required, shall be identified by curbs painted red on both the top and face along the entire length of the fire apparatus access road. Where no curbs exists or a rolled curb is installed, a six (6) inch wide red strip shall be applied the full length of the fire apparatus access road

or approved posted signs shall be installed in accordance with the Riverside County Fire Department Standards.

Exception: On school grounds this requirement shall be implemented as approved by the fire code official.

4. A new Section 503.7 is added to Section 503 of the California Fire Code to read as follows:

503.7 Loading areas and passenger drop-off areas. On private properties, where fire apparatus access roads are utilized for loading or unloading or utilized for passenger drop-off or pick-up, an additional eight (8) feet of width shall be added to the minimum required width for the fire apparatus access road.

5. Section 504.1 of the California Fire Code is amended with additional language to the first paragraph to read as follows:

Where ground ladder access is the only means to reach the highest point on the building, the finished grade on all exterior sides of buildings shall be flat and free of any obstructions that would interfere with ground ladder placement. This distance from the building to finished grade shall be determined by the Fire Chief.

6. Section 505.1 of the California Fire Code is amended to read as follows:

505.1 Address Identification. New and existing buildings shall have approved address numbers, building numbers or approved building identification placed in a position that is plainly legible and visible from the street or road fronting the property. These numbers shall contrast with their background. Number, size, location and means of illumination shall comply with the Riverside County Fire Department-Eastvale Standard for Premises Identification unless an alternative means or method is approved by the Fire Code official. Where access is by means of a private road and the building cannot be viewed from the public way, a monument, pole or other sign or means shall be used to identify the structure. The height / size of premise identification shall comply with Riverside County Fire-Eastvale Standards Premises Identification.

7. Section 507.5.5 is amended and Section 507.5.7 of the California Fire Code is hereby added to read as follows:

507.5.5 Clear Space Around Hydrants. A 3-foot (914 mm) clear space shall be maintained around the circumference of fire hydrants, Fire Department connections, exterior fire protection system control valves, or any other exterior fire protection system component that may require immediate access, except as otherwise required or approved.

A new Section 507.5.7 is added to Section 507 of the California Fire Code to read as follows:

507.5.7 Fire hydrant size and outlets. Fire hydrant size and outlets shall be required as determined by the fire code official.

- a. Residential Standard—one (1) four (4) inch outlet, and one (1) two and one half (2 ½) inch outlet.
- b. Super Hydrant Standard—one (1) four (4) inch outlet, and two (2) two and one half (2 ½) inch outlet.
- b. Super Hydrant Enhanced—two (2) four (4) inch outlet, and one (1) two and one half (2 ½) inch outlet.

A new Section 507.5.8 is added to Section 507 of the California Fire Code to read as follows:

507.5.8 Fire Hydrant Street Marker. Fire hydrant locations shall be visually indicated in accordance with Riverside County Fire Department Std. 06-11. Any hydrant marker damaged or removed during the course of street construction or repair shall be immediately replaced by the contractor, developer, or person responsible for the removal or damage.

Section 508.1 of the California Fire Code is amended to read as follows:

Where required by other sections of this code and in all buildings classified as high-rise buildings by the California Building Code, *and buildings greater than 300,000 square feet in area*, and Group I-2 occupancies having occupied floors located more than 75 feet above the lowest level of fire department vehicle access, a fire command center for fire department operations shall be provided and shall comply with Sections 508.1 through 508.1.5.

Section 508.1.3 of the California Fire Code is amended to add the following exception to read as follows:

Exception: When solely required due to building area greater than 300,000 square feet, the fire command center shall be a minimum of 96 square feet (9 m²) with a minimum dimension of 8 feet (2438 mm)

Section 508.1.5 of the California Fire Code is amended to add the following exception to read as follows:

Exception: When solely required due to building area greater than 300,000 square feet, the fire command center shall comply with NFPA 72 and contain features 5,

8, 10, 12, 13 & 14. All other features shall be provided only when the building contains the respective system/functionality.

8. Section 511 is hereby added to the California Fire Code to read as follows:

511 Fire Department Breathing Apparatus Air System. All buildings having floors used for human occupancy located 75 feet or more above or below the lowest level of Fire Department vehicular access shall be equipped with an approved breathing apparatus air refilling system. Such system shall be provided for adequate pressurized air supply through a permanent piping system for the replenishment of self-contained breathing apparatus carried by fire suppression, rescue and other personnel in the performance of their duties. Location, specifications of access stations and the installation of such breathing apparatus air refilling system shall be made in accordance with Riverside County Fire Department Standards.

Chapter 6. Building Services and Systems.

Section 606.10.1.2 of the California Fire Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

606.10.1.2 Manual Operation. When required by the Fire Code official, automatic crossover valves shall be capable of manual operation. The manual valves shall be located in an approved location immediately outside of the machinery room, in a secure metal box or equivalent and marked as Emergency Controls.

Section 609.2 of the California Fire Code is hereby amended to add the following:

Exception: Fire Stations where the use of the commercial appliance is by station personnel and not for the intention of a commercial cooking facility as defined by the California Mechanical Code.

Chapter 9. Fire Protection Systems.

Section 901.7.1 is hereby added the California Fire Code to read as follows:

901.7.1 Problematic Systems and Systems Out-of-Service. In the event of temporary failure of the alarm system or an excessive number of false alarm activations, the Fire Chief is authorized to require the building owner or occupant to provide standby personnel until the system is restored.

After repeated alarm malfunctions resulting in a Fire Department response, in number deemed by the Fire Chief to be excessive to the Fire Department, the Fire Chief may schedule a hearing to provide the alarm owner and/or company the opportunity to show cause why the system should not be removed from service. Following said hearing, if it is determined that the problems in the alarm system have not been corrected to the Fire Chief's satisfaction, after providing written notice, the Fire Chief may order that the

alarm service be discontinued, the occupancy cease its use and fines be imposed until such time as the system is repaired and properly maintained, and unnecessary responses are mitigated.

Section 903.2 of the California Fire Code is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

903.2 Where required. In all new buildings and structures which are 3,600 square feet or greater an approved automatic sprinkler system shall be provided regardless of occupancy classification. In existing buildings, an automatic sprinkler system shall be required if the addition of floor area creates a total square footage exceeding 3,600 square feet. Where the California Fire Code is requiring more restrictive requirements in Sections 903.2.1, 903.2.1.1, 903.2.1.2, 903.2.1.3, 903.2.1.4, 903.2.1.5, 903.2.2, 903.2.3, 903.2.4, 903.2.5, 903.2.5.2, 903.2.6, 903.2.7, 903.2.8, 903.2.9, 903.2.10, 903.2.11, 903.2.16, 903.2.18, the more restrictive requirement shall take precedence. The following exceptions in the California Fire Code shall not be allowed:

- a. Exception in Section 903.2.3
- b. Exception in Section 903.2.6.2
- c. Exception in Section 903.2.11.3

One- and two-family dwellings shall have an automatic fire sprinkler system regardless of square footage in accordance with the California Residential Code. Fire sprinkler systems shall be installed in mobile homes, manufactured homes and multi-family manufactured homes with two dwelling units in accordance with Title 25 of the California Code of Regulations.

Section 903.3.5.3 is hereby added to the California Fire Code to read as follows:

903.3.5.3 Hydraulically calculated systems. The design of hydraulically calculated fire sprinkler systems shall not exceed 90% of the water supply capacity

Section 904.3.5 of the California Fire Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

904.3.5 Monitoring. Where a building fire alarm or monitoring system is installed, automatic fire-extinguishing systems shall be monitored by the building fire alarm or monitoring system in accordance with NFPA 72.

Chapter 32. High Piled Combustible Storage.

Section 3204.2.1 is hereby added to the California Fire Code to read as follows:

3204.2.1 Minimum requirements for client leased or occupant owned warehouses. Designs of an automatic sprinkler system for client leased or occupant owned buildings containing high pile storage shall be based on the requirements of NFPA 13. A licensed Fire Protection Engineer shall perform a survey of the building to determine commodity

classification, storage configuration, building height and other information related to the development of an appropriate sprinkler system design. The fire protection engineer shall also make reasonable efforts to meet with the building owner or operator to understand seasonal or customer related fluctuations to the stored commodities, storage height, and configuration. The sprinkler design shall be based on the most demanding requirements determined through the onsite survey and discussions with the building owner or operator. The technical report shall describe the basis for determining the commodity and sprinkler design selection, how the commodities will be isolated or separated, and include referenced design document(s), including NFPA 13 or the current applicable factory mutual data sheets. If a specific fire test is used as the basis of design, a copy of the fire test report shall be provided at the time of plan review.

Chapter 49. Requirements for Wildland-Urban Interface areas

Section 4904.3 and Section 4908 are hereby added to the California Fire Code to read as follows:

4904.3 High Fire Hazard Severity Zone Maps. In accordance with Government Code Sections 51175 through 51189, Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones are designated as shown on a map titled Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones, dated April 8, 2010 and retained on file at the office of the Fire Chief and supersedes other maps

Chapter 56. Explosives and Fireworks

Section 5601.2 and Section 5608.2 of the California Fire Code are hereby added to read as follows:

Section 5601.2 Retail Fireworks. The storage, use, sale, possession, and handling of fireworks including those classified as Safe & Sane fireworks are prohibited.

Exception: Fireworks may be part of an electrically fired public display when permitted and conducted by a licensed pyrotechnic operator.

Appendices.

The appendices to the California Fire Code are adopted in their entirety except as to the following:

Appendix B

Exception 1 of section B105.2 is amended to read as follows:

Exception 1: A reduction in required fire-flow of up to 50 percent, as approved, is allowed when the building is provided with an approved automatic sprinkler system installed in accordance with Section 903.3.1.1 or 903.3.1.2. The resulting

fire-flow shall not be less than 1,500 gallons per minute (5678 L/min) for the prescribed duration as specified in Table B105.1.

Appendix C

Section C102.1 Fire hydrant locations is amended to read as follows:

Fire hydrants shall be provided at street intersections and along required fire apparatus access roads and adjacent public streets.

Appendix D. Appendix D is not adopted.

Appendix I. Appendix I is not adopted.

Appendix J. Appendix J is not adopted.

Appendix K. Appendix K is not adopted

Sec. 110.20.030. – Penalties.

- (a) It is unlawful for any person, firm, corporation or association of persons to violate any provision of this chapter, or to violate the provisions of any permit granted pursuant to this chapter. Any person, firm, corporation or association of persons violating any provision of this chapter or the provisions of any permit granted pursuant to this chapter shall be deemed guilty of an infraction or misdemeanor as hereinafter specified. Such person or entity shall be deemed guilty of a separate offense for each and every day or portion thereof during which any violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or the provisions of any permit granted pursuant to this chapter, is committed, continued or permitted.
- (b) Any person, firm, corporation or association of persons so convicted shall be:
 - (1) Guilty of an infraction offense and punished by a fine not exceeding \$200.00 for a first violation;
 - (2) Guilty of an infraction offense and punishable by a fine not exceeding \$300.00 for a second violation on the same site.

The third and any additional violations on the same site shall constitute a misdemeanor offense and shall be punishable by a fine not exceeding \$1,000.00 or six months in jail, or both. Notwithstanding the above, a first offense may be charged and prosecuted as a misdemeanor.

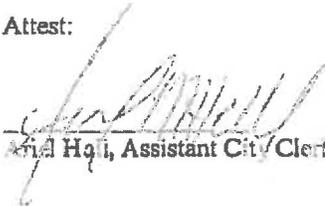
- (c) Payment of any penalty herein shall not relieve a person or entity from the responsibility for correcting the violation.

SECTION 4. Effective Date: This Ordinance shall become effective 30 days from the date of its adoption.

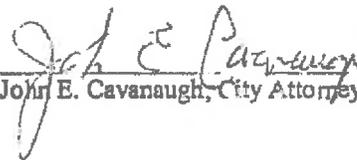
PASSED, APPROVED AND ADOPTED this 12th day of December, 2013.


Ike Bootsma, Mayor

Attest:


Ariel Hall, Assistant City Clerk

Approved as to form:


John E. Cavanaugh, City Attorney

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE) §
CITY OF EASTVALE)

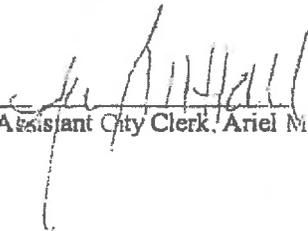
I, Ariel M. Hall, Assistant City Clerk of the City of Eastvale, do hereby certify that the foregoing Ordinance Number 2013-16 was introduced at a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Eastvale held on the 13th day of November, 2013 and was finally passed by the City Council of the City of Eastvale at a regular meeting held the 11th day of December, 2013, by the following vote:

AYES: Council Members Welch, DeGrandpre, Mayor Pro Tem Rush,
and Mayor Bootsma

NOES: None

ABSENT: None

ABSTAIN: None


Assistant City Clerk, Ariel M. Hall, CMC